YBA031Hu01 50μg Recombinant Factor Related Apoptosis Ligand (FASL) Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human)

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9th Edition (Revised in Jul, 2013)

Instruction manual

[PROPERTIES]

Residues: Gln103~Leu281 (Accession # P48023), with two

N-terminal Tags, His-tag and GST-tag.

Host: E. coli

Subcellular Location: Cell membrane;

Single-pass type II membrane protein.

Cytoplasmic vesicle lumen. Lysosome lumen.

Purity: >95%

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1µg

(determined by the LAL method).

Formulation: Supplied as lyophilized form in 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA, 1mM DTT,

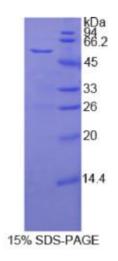
0.01% sarcosyl, 5% trehalose, and preservative.

Predicted isoelectric point: 6.8

Predicted Molecular Mass: 52.4kDa

Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)



[<u>USAGE</u>]



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Reconstitute in ddH₂O.



[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCES]

The target protein is fused with two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and GST-tag, its sequence is listed below.

MSPILGYWKI KGLVQPTRLL LEYLEEKYEE HLYERDEGDK WRNKKFELGL EFPNLPYYID GDVKLTQSMA IIRYIADKHN MLGGCPKERA EISMLEGAVL DIRYGVSRIA YSKDFETLKV DFLSKLPEML KMFEDRLCHK TYLNGDHVTH PDFMLYDALD VVLYMDPMCL DAFPKLVCFK KRIEAIPQID KYLKSSKYIA WPLQGWQATF GGGDHPPKSD GSTSGSGHHH HHHSAGLVPR GSTAIGMKET AAAKFERQHM DSPDLGTLEV LFQGPLGSEF-QLFHLQKE LAELRESTSQ MHTASSLEKQ IGHPSPPPEK KELRKVAHLT GKSNSRSMPL EWEDTYGIVL LSGVKYKKGG LVINETGLYFVYSKVYFRGQSCNNLPLSHKVYMRNSKYPQDLVMMEGKMM SYCTTGQMWA RSSYLGAVFN LTSADHLYVN VSELSLVNFE ESQTFFGLYK L

[REFERENCES]

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- 4. Wu J., et al. (1996) J. Clin. Invest. 98:1107-1113.