## YBB756Mu01 100μg

#### Recombinant Transglutaminase 3, Epidermal (TGM3)

Organism Species: Mus musculus (Mouse)

Instruction manual

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# FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

10th Edition (Revised in Jan, 2014)

### [PROPERTIES]

Residues: Ala468~Glu693

Tags: Two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and S-tag

Accession: Q08189

Host: *E. coli*Puritv: >90%

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1µg (determined by the

LAL method).

Formulation: Supplied as lyophilized form in 20mM Tris,

150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA, 1mM DTT, 15% SDS-PAGE

0.01% sarcosyl, 5% trehalose, and preservative.

Predicted isoelectric point: 5.9

Predicted Molecular Mass: 32.0kDa

Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

#### [USAGE]

Reconstitute in sterile ddH<sub>2</sub>O.



#### [ STORAGE AND STABILITY ]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

#### [SEQUENCES]

The sequence of the target protein is listed below.

ATS SR NP E GE D KE PSI SG K FK VT GIL AVG K EV S LSL MLKN MTN DR KT VT MNMT AWTIVYNGTL VHEVWKDSAT ISLDPEEEIQ YPVKIAYSQY ERYLKADNMI RITAVCKVPD EAEVVVERDV ILDNPALTLE VLEQAHVRKP VNVQMLFSNP LDQPVNNCVL LVEGSGLLRG SLKIDVPSLR PKEKSRIRFE IFPTRSGTKQ LLADFSCNKF PAIKAMLPID VSE

#### [ REFERENCES ]

- 1. Yamane A., et al. (2010) FEBS J. 277:3564-3574.
- 2. Zhang J., et al. (2005) Cell Res. 15:105-110.
- 3. Kim I.-G., et al. (1993) J. Biol. Chem. 268:12682-12690.
- 4. Hitomi K., et al. (2001) Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol. 33:491-498.