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YBC036Hu01 100 μ g
Recombinant Transferrin (TRF)
Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human)
Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

9th Edition (Revised in Jul, 2013)

[PROPERTIES]

Residues: Val361~Lys683 (Accession # P02787),
with two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and S-tag.

Host: *E. coli*

Subcellular Location: Secreted.

Purity: >95%

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1 μ g
(determined by the LAL method).

Formulation: Supplied as lyophilized form in
PBS, pH7.4, containing 1mM DTT, 5% trehalose,
0.01% sarcosyl and preservative.

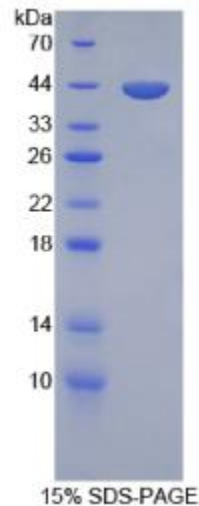
Predicted isoelectric point: 6.3

Predicted Molecular Mass: 41.6kDa

Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

[USAGE]





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Reconstitute in sterile PBS, pH7.2-pH7.4.



[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCES]

The target protein is fused with two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and S-tag, its sequence is listed below.

MHHHHHSSG LVPRGSGMKE TAAAKFERQH MDSPDLGTDD DDKAMADIGS EF-
VKWCALSHHE RLKCEWSVN SVGKIECVSA ETTEDCIAKI MNGEADAMSL DGGFVYIAGK
CGLVPVLAEN YNKSDNCEDT PEAGYFAIAV VKKSASDLTW DNLKGKKSCH TAVGRTAGWN
IPMGLLYNKI NHC RFDEFFS EGCAPGSKKD SSLCKLCMGS GLNLCEPNK EGYGYTGAF
RCLVEKGDVA FVKHQVTPQN TGGKNPDPA KNLNEKDYEL LCLDGTRKPV EYANCHLAR
APNHAVVTRK DKEACVHKIL RQQQLFGSN VTDCSGNFCL FRSETKDLLF RDDTVCLAKL
HDRNTYEKYL GEEYVKA VGN LRK

[REFERENCES]

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2. Schaeffer E., *et al.* (1987) Gene 56:109-116.
3. Adrian G.S., *et al.* (1986) Gene 49:167-175.
4. McGillivray R.T.A., *et al.* (1983) J. Biol. Chem. 258:3543-3553.