



TEL:4006-871-227 Web:www.ybio.net Email:shybio@126.com

**YBD161Hu01 50 $\mu$ g**  
**Recombinant N-Acetyl Alpha-D-Glucosaminidase (NAGLU)**  
**Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human)**  
***Instruction manual***

**FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY**  
**NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES**

9th Edition (Revised in Jul, 2013)

**[ PROPERTIES ]**

**Residues: Val485~Trp743 (Accession # P54802), with two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and T7-tag.**

**Host: *E. coli***

**Subcellular Location: Lysosome.**

**Purity: >95%**

**Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1 $\mu$ g**  
**(determined by the LAL method).**

**Formulation: Supplied as lyophilized form in 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA, 1mM DTT, 0.01% sarcosyl, 5% trehalose, and preservative.**

**Predicted isoelectric point: 7.8**

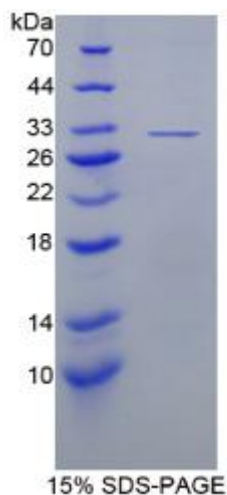
**Predicted Molecular Mass: 33.3kDa**

**Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.**

**(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)**

**[ USAGE ]**

**Reconstitute in ddH<sub>2</sub>O.**





## **[ STORAGE AND STABILITY ]**

**Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.**

**Store at 2-8°C for one month.**

**Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.**

**Stability Test:** The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

## **[ SEQUENCES ]**

The target protein is fused with two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and T7-tag, its sequence is listed below.

MGSSHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MASMTGGQQM GRGSEF- VSHPDA GAAWRLLLRS  
YVNCSGEACR GHNRSPVRR PSLQMNTSIW YNRSDVFEAW RLLLTSAAPSL ATSPAIFYDL  
LDLTRQAVQE LVSLYYEEAR SAYLSKELAS LLRAGGVLAY ELLPALDEVL ASDSRFLLGS  
WLEQARAAAV SEAEADFYEQ NSRYQLTLWG PEGNILDYAN KQLAGLVANY YTPRWRLFLE  
ALVDSVAQGI PFQQHQFDKN VFQLEQAFVL SKQRYPSQPR GDTVDLAKKI FLKYYPRWVA  
GSW

## **[ REFERENCES ]**

1. Zhao H.G., *et al.* (1996) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 93:6101-6105.
2. Weber B., *et al.* (1996) Hum. Mol. Genet. 5:771-777.
3. Zhao Z., *et al.* (1996) Mamm. Genome 7:686-690.
4. Chen R., *et al.* (2009) J. Proteome Res. 8:651-661.