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YBA594Mi01 10 μ g

Recombinant Cytochrome C, Somatic (CYCS)

Organism Species: Multi-species

Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

9th Edition (Revised in Jul, 2013)

[PROPERTIES]

Residues: Gln13~Leu99 (Accession # P62897), with
N-terminal His-Tag.

Host: *E. coli*

Subcellular Location: Mitochondrion
intermembrane space.

Purity: >95%

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1 μ g (determined by the
LAL method).

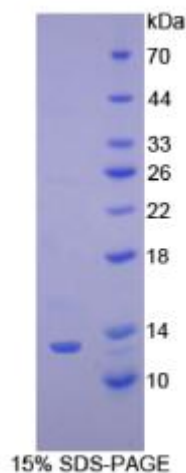
Formulation: Supplied as lyophilized form in 20mL
Tris, 500mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA, 1mM
DTT, 0.01% sarcosyl, 5% trehalose, and preservative.

Predicted isoelectric point: 9.4

Predicted Molecular Mass:

11.1kDa

Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.





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(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.) Note: Full length mouse CYCS is identical in sequence to rat CYCS. 100% cross-reactivity of CYCS was observed between mouse and rat.

[USAGE]

Reconstitute in ddH₂O.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCES]

The target protein is fused with N-terminal His-Tag, its sequence is listed below.

MG HH H H H HS G S EF -Q K C AQ C H T VE KG G K H K TG PN LH G LFG R K TG Q AA G FS Y T
DANKNKGITW GEDTLMEYLE NPKKYIPGTK MIFAGIKKKG ERADLIAYL

[REFERENCES]

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3. Carninci P., *et al.* (2005) Science 309:1559-1563.
4. Limbach K. J., Wu R. (1985) Nucleic Acids Res. 13:617-630.