



YBA277Ra01 50 μ g
Recombinant Connexin 43 (CX43)
Organism Species: Rattus norvegicus (Rat)
Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

10th Edition (Revised in Jan, 2014)

[PROPERTIES]

Residues: Ser180~Ile382

Tags: Two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and T7-tag

Accession: P08050

Host: *E. coli*

Subcellular Location: Cell membrane;

Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell junction, gap junction.

Purity: >95%

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1 μ g

(determined by the LAL method).

Formulation: Supplied as lyophilized form in 20mM

Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA, 1mM

DTT, 0.01% sarcosyl, 5% trehalose, and preservative.

Predicted isoelectric point: 9.0

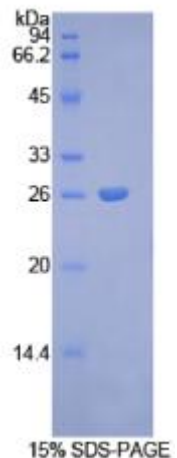
Predicted Molecular Mass: 26.2kDa

Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

[USAGE]

Reconstitute in sterile ddH₂O.





[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCES]

The sequence of the target protein is listed below.

**S LSAVYTCKRD PCPHQVDCFL SRPTEKTIFI IFMLVVSLVS LALNIIELFY VFFKGVKDRV
KGRSDPYHAT TGPLSPSKDC GSPKYAYFNG CSSPTAPLSP MSPPGYKLVT GDRNNSSCRN
YNKQASEQNWANYSAEQNRMGQAGSTISNSHAQPFDFFDDNQNAKKVAAAG
HELQPLAIVD QRPSSRASSR ASSRPRPDDL EI**

[REFERENCES]

- 1. Beyer E.C., *et al.* (1987) J. Cell Biol. 105:2621-2629.**
- 2. John S.A., Revel J.-P. (1991) Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 178:1312-1318.**
- 3. Dupont E., *et al.* (1991) Eur. J. Biochem. 200:263-270.**
- 4. Gellhaus A., *et al.* (2004) J. Biol. Chem. 279:36931-36942.**